An Overview of Subsistence Research in Region III

An Oral Report to the Board of Game Fairbanks, March 2020 RC 4 Tab 1.2

Alida Trainor

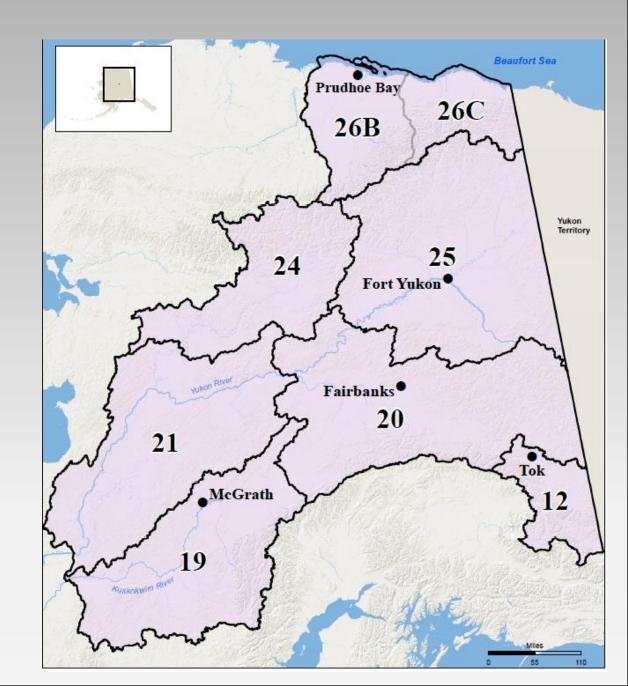
ADF&G, Subsistence Division



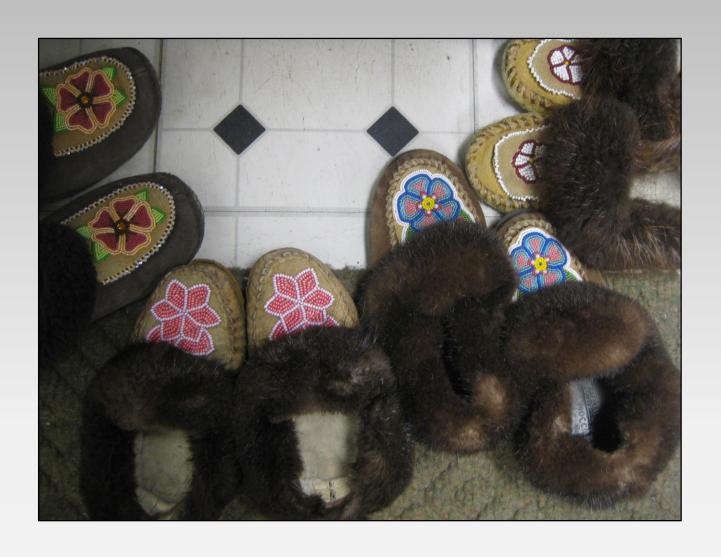
Introduction to Region III

- 7 Game Management Unit: 12, 19,
 20, 21, 24, 25 and 26(B&C)
- Geographic area covers the eastern North Slope, the Yukon River drainage, and extends through the middle Kuskokwim River

 Encompasses 71 communities, including the hub communities of Fairbanks, Fort Yukon, and Galena



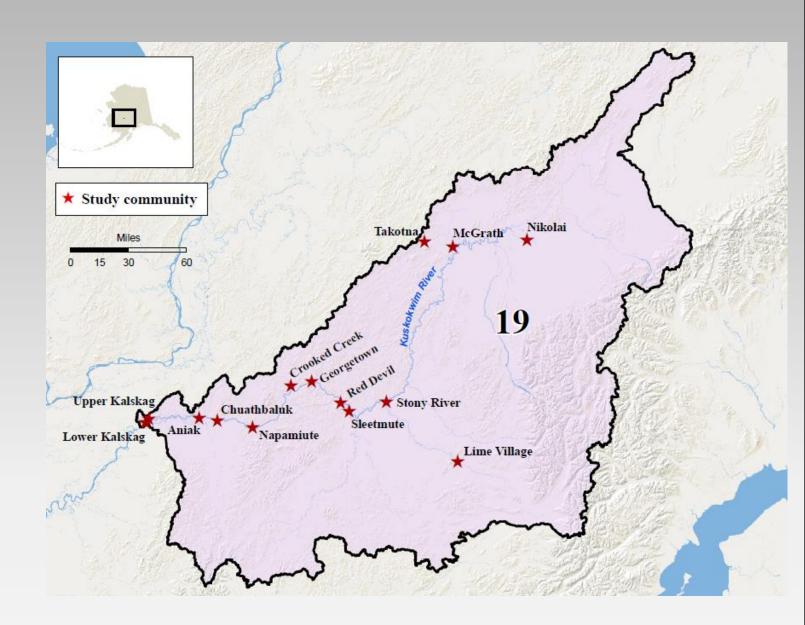
Subsistence Research Effort



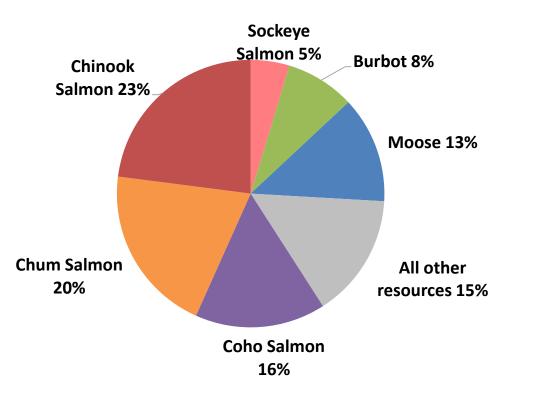
- Community baseline studies (focus on one year)
 - Harvest and use
 - Mapping
 - Demographics, income, food security
- Targeted Research
- Local and Traditional Knowledge
- Subsistence: more than just harvest

Unit 19

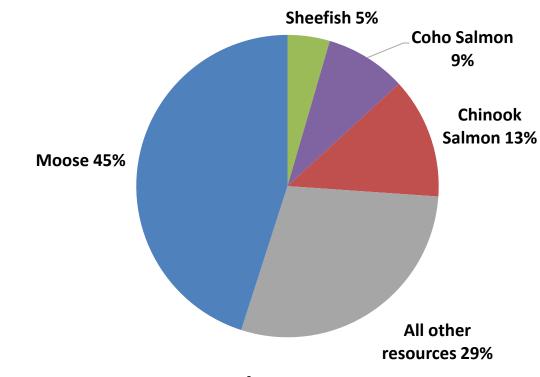
- 14 communities
- Estimated population in 2018: **1,829** people
- Harvest survey data (comprehensive) collected in 13 communities from 2009-2011



Harvest Composition Unit 19



Aniak, 2009



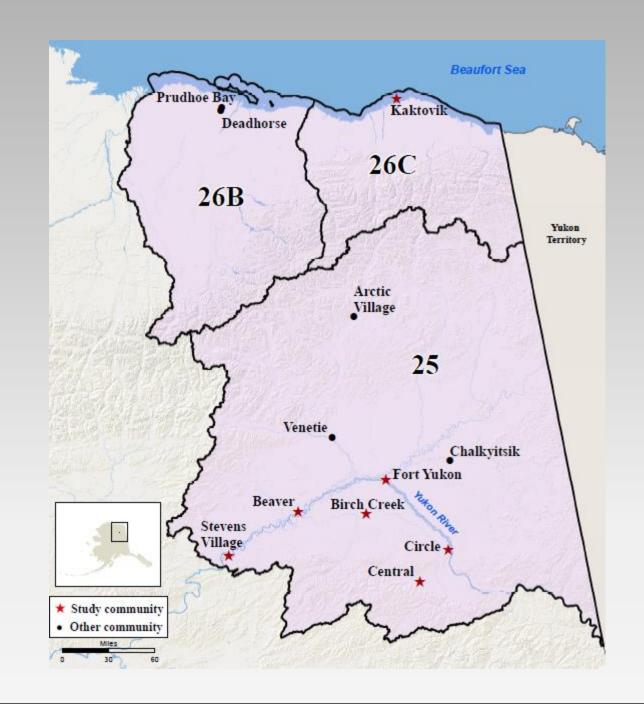
McGrath, 2011

Unit 25 and 26 (B)(C)

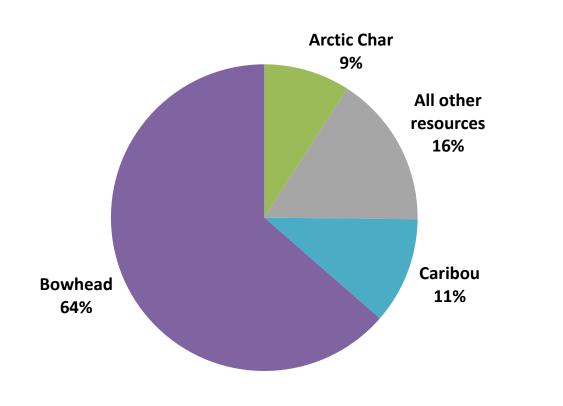
Unit 25: 9 communities;
Estimated population in 2018:
3,699 people

•<u>Unit 26 (B)(C):</u> **2** communities; estimated population: 2,420

 Harvest survey data (comprehensive) collected in 7 community from 1992-2018



Harvest Composition Unit 25 and 26 (B)(C)



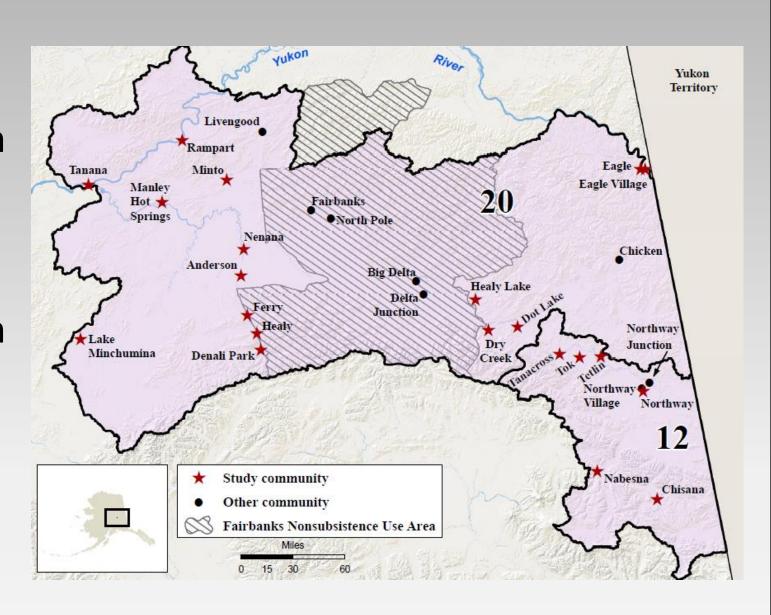
Black bear All other resources Fall chum 17% salmon 35% Moose 18% Chinook salmon 26%

Kaktovik, 1992

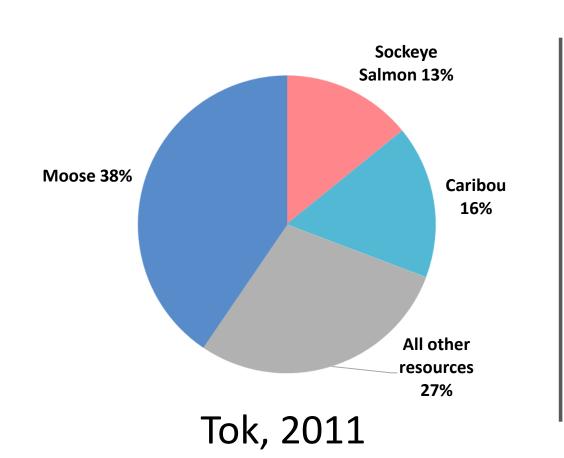
Fort Yukon, 2017

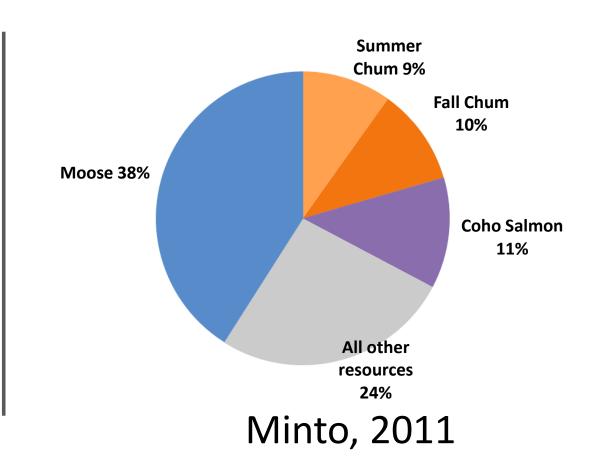
Units 12, 20

- Unit 12: 6 communities;
 2018 estimated population
 1,613 people
- Unit 20: 20 communities;
 2018 estimated population
 101,607 people
- Harvest survey data (comprehensive) collected in 15 of the communities outside of the FNSA



Harvest Composition Unit 12 and Unit 20



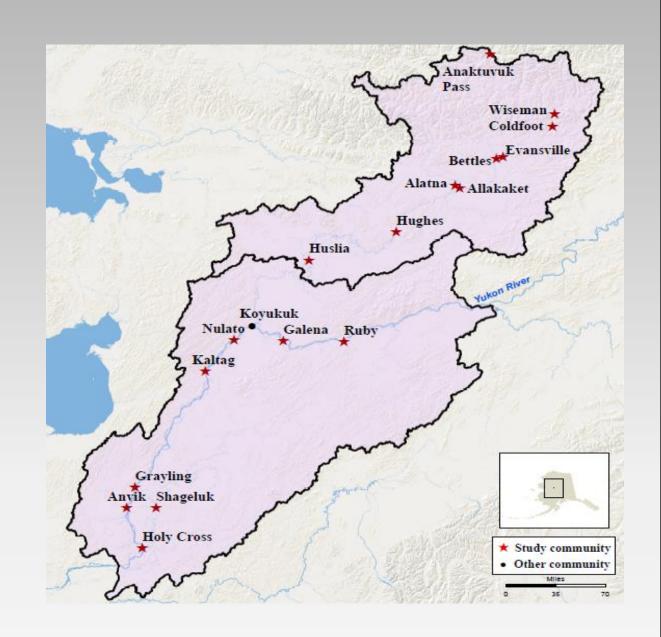


Units 21 and 24

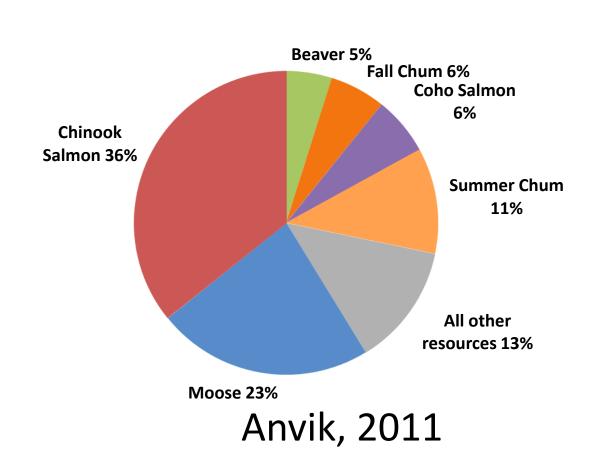
 Unit 21: 9 communities; 2018 estimated population – 1,626 people

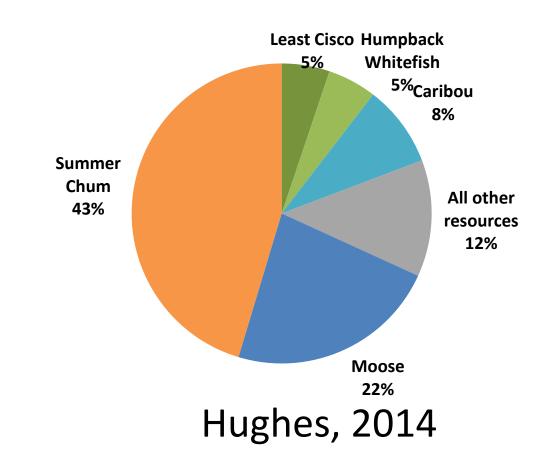
 Unit 24: 9 communities; 2018 estimated population – 1,017 people

 Harvest survey data (comprehensive) collected in 16 community from 1984-2018



Harvest Composition Unit 21 and 24





Subsistence: Not just harvest

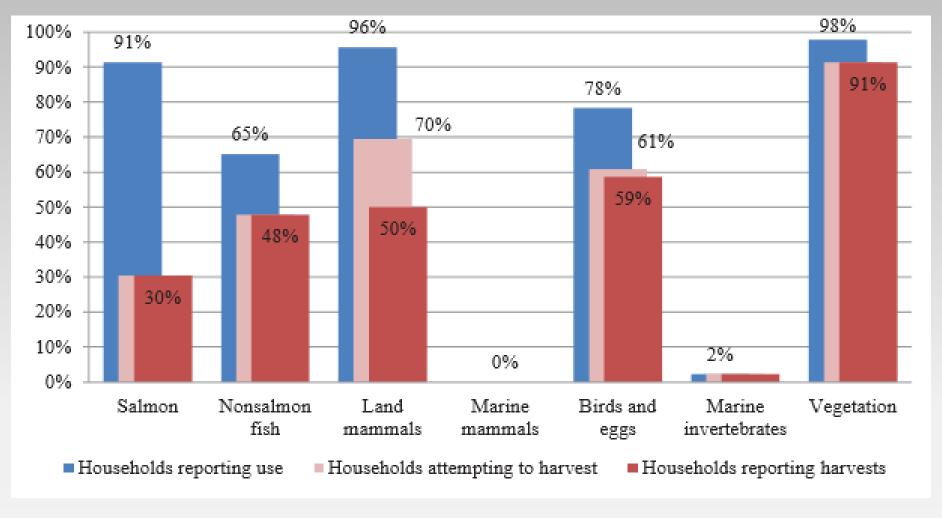
Mixed cash, subsistence economies

Sharing and other forms of distribution

Community Survival

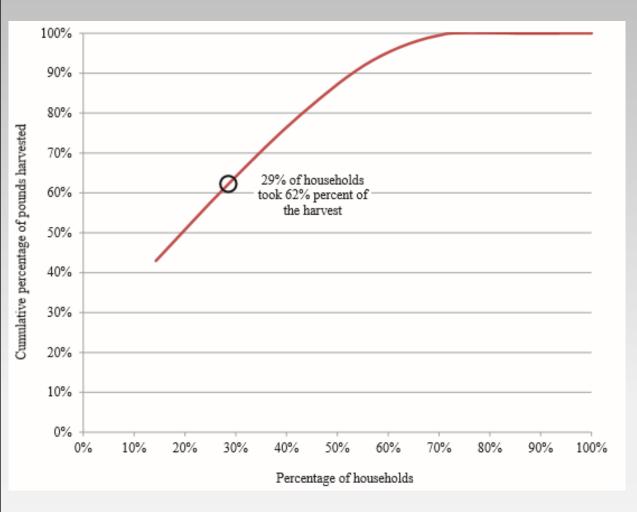


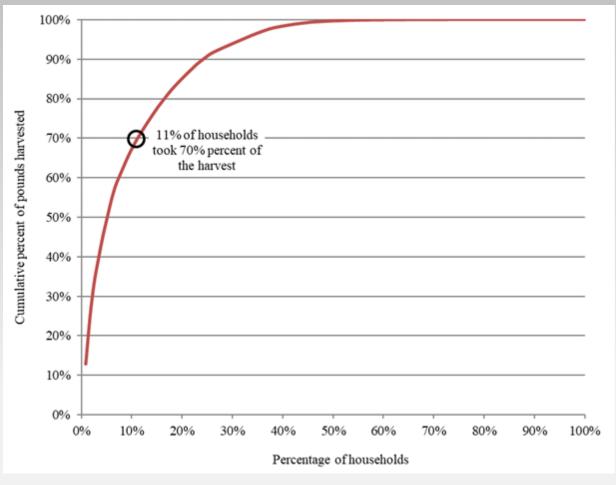
Harvest and Use rates



Minto, 2012

Concentration of Harvest

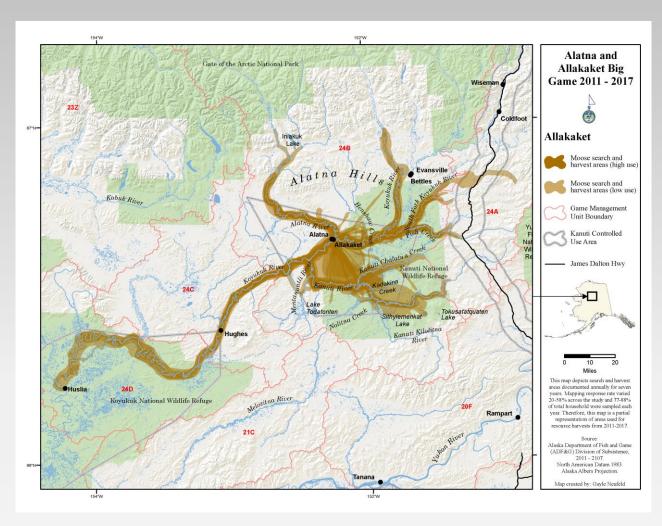




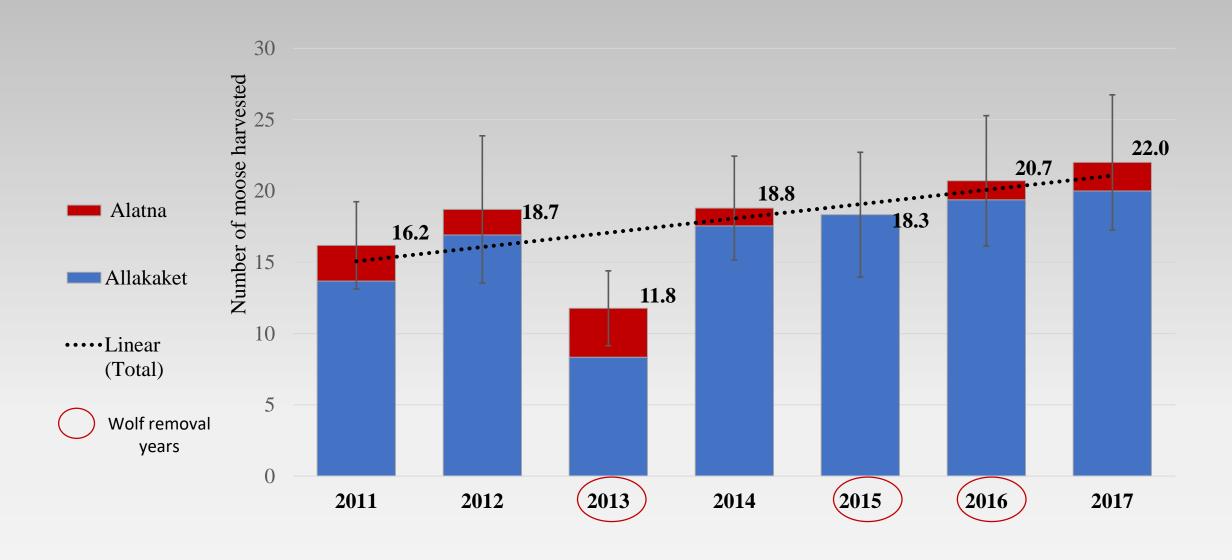
Fort Yukon, 2017

Moose and Big Game Harvest Assessments - Allakaket and Alatna (2011-2017)

- Collaborative research with DWC in consultation with local village councils
- Background on wolf removal program
- Research Objectives
 - 1. Characterize subsistence hunting
 - 2. Explore if/how harvest and hunter effort respond to Intensive Management
- Research Methods
 - Household survey and mapping
 - Ethnographic interviews
 - Biological assessments (DWC)

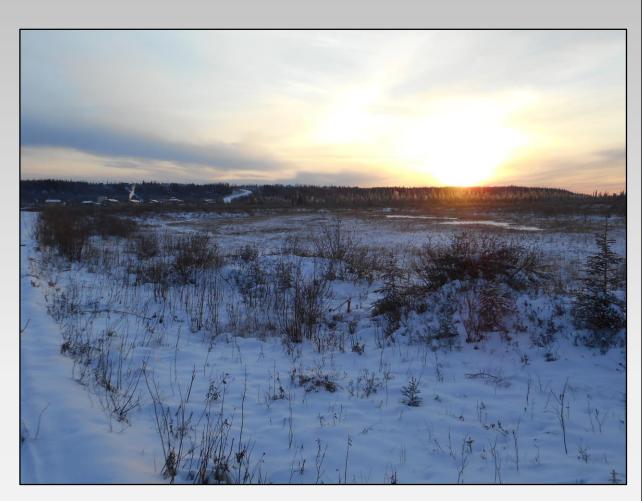


2011-2017 Moose Harvest Estimates by Community

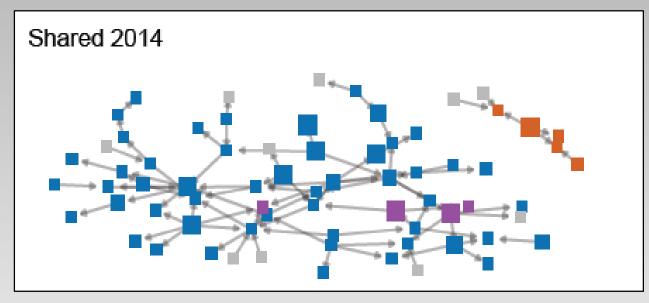


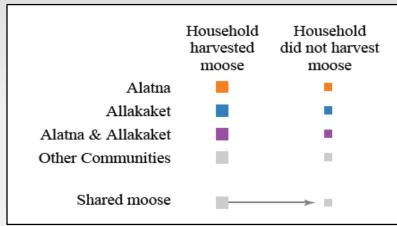
Measuring Hunting Effort in Allakaket and Alatna

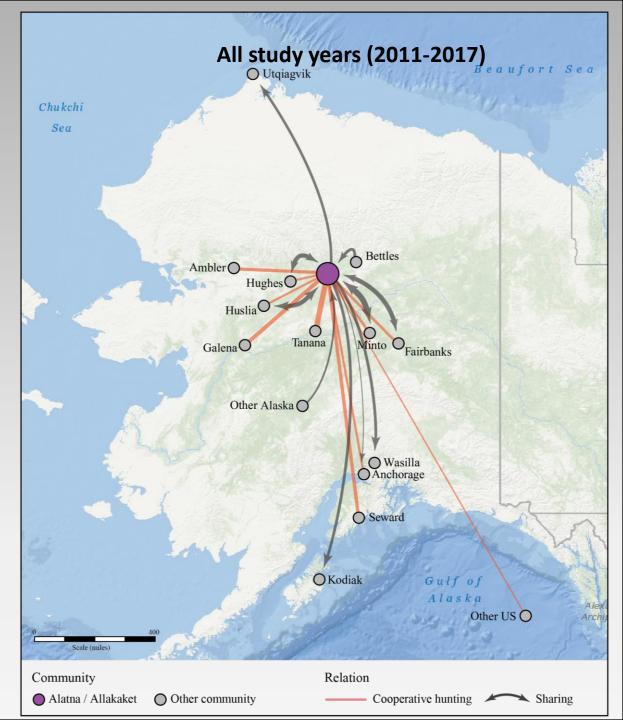
- Catch Per Unit Effort (CPUE)
- Metrics to measure CPUE
 - Estimated number of trips
 - Number of days out hunting
 - Number of hours per day spent hunting
 - Estimated distance traveled in search of moose
 - Total spent on fuel for hunting
 - How many moose were harvested
- Example from Preliminary results
- Challenges



Connected through Moose







We would like to thank the communities of Region III and the Division of Wildlife Conservation for their cooperative efforts in continuing research.

Questions?



Back Pocket Slides

Sample

	Allakaket						
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Final estimate of permanent households	57.0	62.0	56.0	62.0	55.0	62.0	64.0
Percentage of total households surveyed	87.7%	71.0%	83.9%	85.5%	76.4%	77.4%	75.0%
Alatna							
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Final estimate of permanent households	10.0	9.0	8.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	7.0
Percentage of total households surveyed	80.0%	55.6%	87.5%	80.0%	50.0%	75.0%	100.0%

CPUE Allakaket and Alatna, combined

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Estimated number of Trips	188	261	222	302	142	282	305
Collective Miles traveled	10,517.5	16,559.6	13,852	17,874.5	4,394.5	14,787.5	27,429.2
Miles Traveled per moose	649	885.5	1,173.9	950.8	240.1	714.4	1,246.8
Collective fuel cost	\$17,972	\$29,057	\$22,886	\$36,934	\$23,910	\$36,449	\$46,902
Fuel cost per moose	\$1,109	\$1,534	\$1,940	\$1,965	\$1,307	\$1,761	\$2,132

Hunting Success

Table n-m. Household and hunter success in moose hunting, Allakaket and Alatna 2011-2017.

		Hunting households			Hunters					
			Successful					Part of successful		
Study	Estimated		households			Harvesting		group		
year	harvest	Total	Number	Percentage	Total	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	
2011	16.2	37.0	15.0	40.6%	59.1	16.2	27.4%	32.7	55.3%	
2012	18.7	50.9	17.3	34.0%	82.3	18.7	22.7%	48.1	58.4%	
2013	11.8	36.7	11.8	32.0%	68.4	11.8	17.2%	31.7	46.3%	
2014	18.8	47.0	16.5	35.0%	76.4	18.8	24.6%	35.3	46.2%	
2015	18.3	30.1	13.1	43.5%	49.8	17.0	34.2%	34.0	68.4%	
2016	20.7	46.6	20.7	44.5%	69.9	19.4	27.8%	44.0	62.9%	
2017	22.0	45.3	18.0	39.7%	82.3	22.0	26.7%	50.7	61.5%	

Source ADF&G Division of Subsistence household surveys, 2011–2017.

Note In this table, successful hunters and successful households refer to instances where the moose was shot by a member of a household in either Allakaket or Alatna.